# 66th ABA Section of Antitrust Law Spring Meeting Wednesday, April 11, 2018



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#### **Presentation Outline**

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**Privacy Risks and Challenges in the ICT Age** 

2

Hong Kong Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance

3

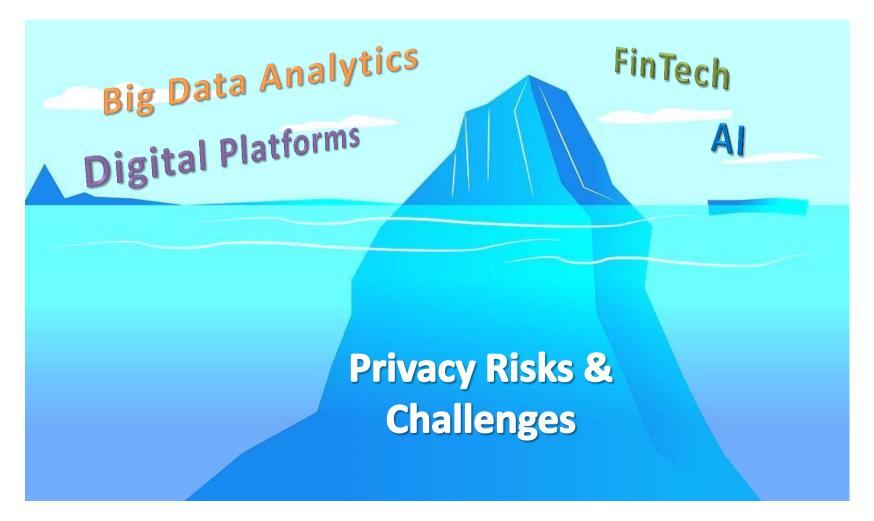
**Accountability** 





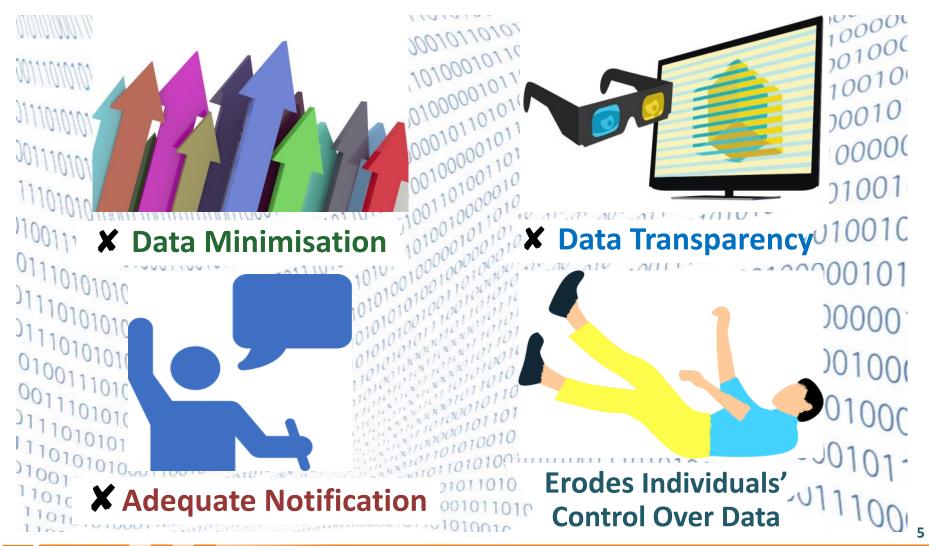


#### **Privacy Risks and Challenges**





### **Ubiquitous and Covert Data Collection**





#### **Unpredictable Analytics**





X Notice & Consent



**X** Purpose & Use Limitations



# **Profiling**



#### **Re-identification**



Distinction between Personal Data& Non-Personal Data



#### **Inaccurate Inferences and Predictions**

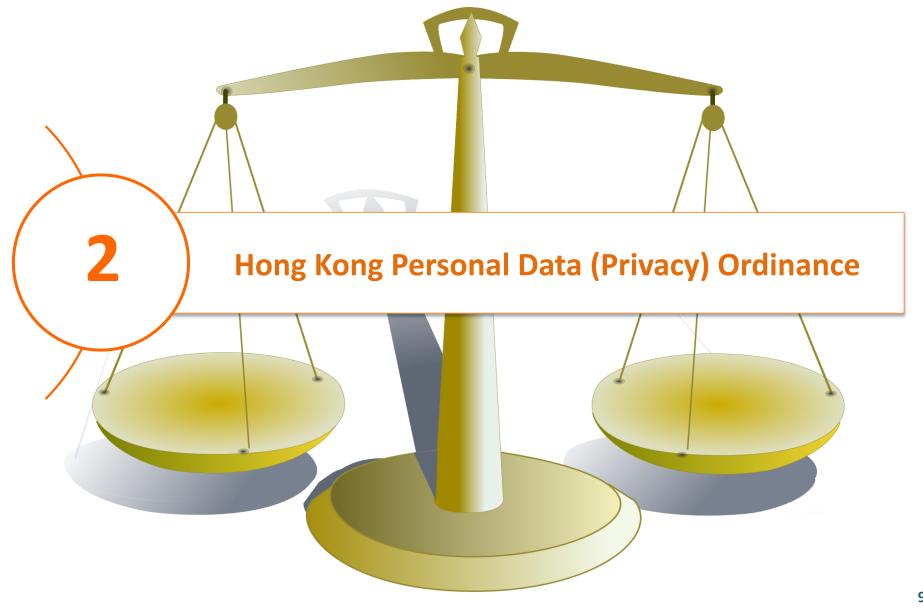


Discrimination

Filter Bubble

Interference in Elections...









#### **Definition of "Personal Data"**

**Phone Number** 





**Email Address** 





**IP Address** 





Whether an individual is identified or identifiable should not come into play





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#### Meaning of "Collect":

Eastweek Publisher Limited & Another v
Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (CACV 331/1999)







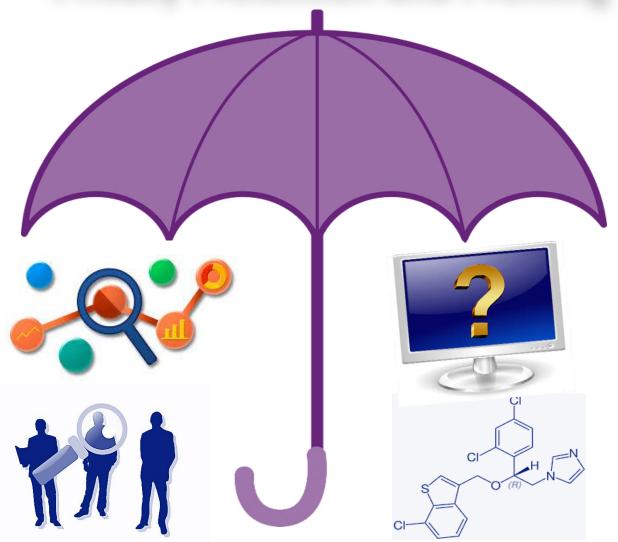








#### **Privacy Protection and Profiling**







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## **Accountability**

Responsibilitybased framework encapsulating principles

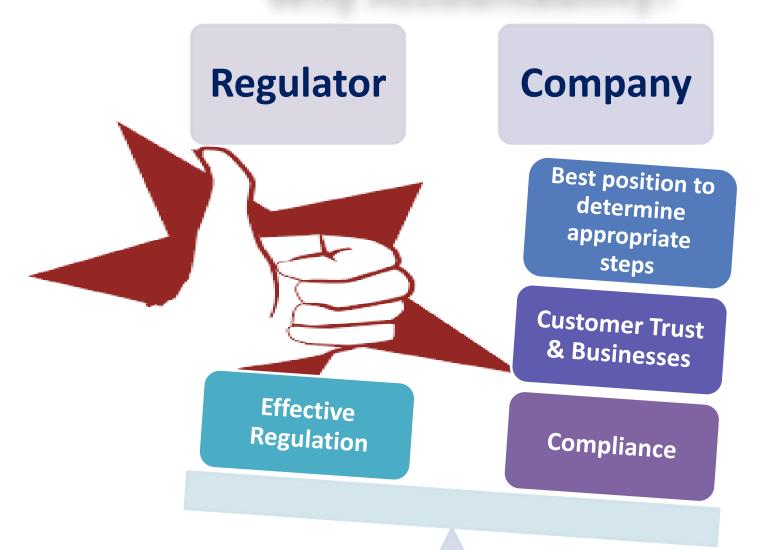
Built-in policies, procedures, controls, oversights & review mechanisms Data controllers/
processors to take
appropriate steps
to safeguard
personal data and
prevent harm to
data subjects

E.g. appoint data protection officers, privacy impact assessment, privacy by design





# Why Accountability?





### **Mechanics of Accountability**

Voluntary/Self-Regulatory
or
Mandatory
Accountability?



#### **Education** $\rightarrow$ **Incentivise**





# Hong Kong – Privacy Management Programme (PMP)



Launched in 2014

Encourages organisations to embrace personal data privacy protection as part of their corporate governance responsibilities

To apply as a top-down business imperative throughout the organisation

To put in place appropriate policies and procedures that enhance data protection





#### **EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)**

Risk-based approach to accountability

Data controllers are required to:

demonstrate compliance with principles of processing personal data [Art 5]

implement technical and organisational measures to ensure compliance [Art 24]





conduct data protection impact assessment for high-risk processing [Art 35]

(for certain types of organisations) designate Data Protection Officers [Art 37]



#### **Data Ethics and Trust**



- No Surprise to Consumers
  - No Harm to Consumers

# The Way Forward **Compliance Engaging Accountability Culture Incentivising** Trust/ Ethics/ Respect 20 M











保障、尊重個人資料 Protect,Respect Personal Data